

Operating Budget Stability

Fiscal Year 2018 - Financial Review

Report to Fiscal and Management Control Board



Agenda

- Executive Summary
- FY17 Actual Results vs. FY18 Actual Results
- FY18 Budget vs. FY18 Actual Results
- Appendix



FMCB Goal:

Deliver a Balanced MBTA Operating Budget

Under Section 203 of Chapter 46 of the Acts of 2015, the FMCB may:

"Establish 1- and 5-year operating budgets, beginning in fiscal year 2017, which are <u>balanced</u> primarily through a combination of <u>internal cost controls</u> and increased <u>own-source revenues</u>"



Executive Summary

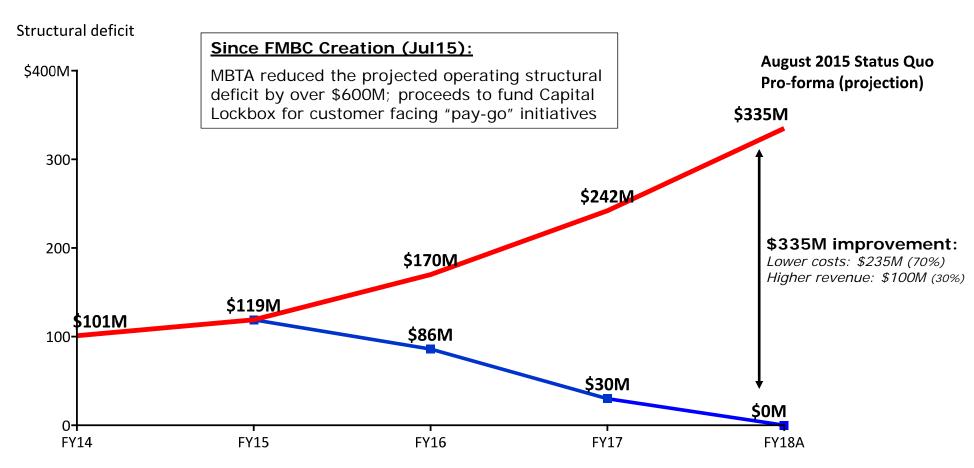
First balanced operating budget since FY08

- FY18 achieved FMCB goal that total revenues cover total operating expenses (including debt service)
- 30% achieved through revenue growth and 70% through cost controls
- Enables entire \$127M in Additional State Assistance to be used for "Pay-Go"
 Capital (total Additional Assistance including capital transfer is \$187M)
- Increased own-source revenues primary driver of revenue growth
 - Total revenue increased 5% (\$90M) over last year and 12% (\$212M) since FY15
 - Own-source operating income (advertising, parking, real-estate) more than doubled from FY15 to \$88M in FY18 primarily due to contract transitions
- Core operating expense growth held flat for third straight year
 - Operating expenses controlled by active management of materials & services, favorable CBA terms & renegotiation of existing vendor contracts
- Results are draft pending audit by KPMG; no material adjustments expected



FMCB Goal Achieved:

Total revenues cover operating expenses including debt service



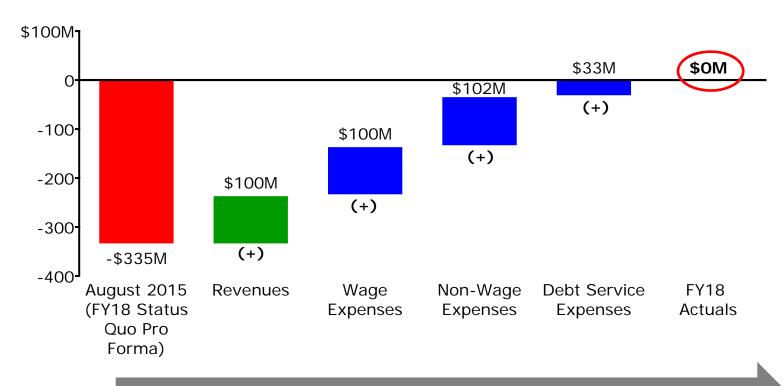
Source: MBTA Internal Data

Note: Structural Deficit does not include Additional State Assistance of \$156M in FY16, \$140M in FY17, or \$127M in FY18



FY18 path to balanced operating budget paves way for long-term fiscal sustainability

MBTA Operating Structural Deficit (Status Quo Pro Forma vs. FY18 Actuals)



PATH TO FY18 BALANCED BUDGET



FMCB/Management actions FY16 - FY18: How We Did it

Driving revenue growth:

- ✓ Rebid system-wide parking and advertising contracts with a digital focus
- ✓ Raised system-wide fares average 9.3%, reduced cash bus fare (FY17)
- Enforced third-party contract terms (revenue and cost)
- Aggressively negotiated new commercial banking contracts resulting in increased investment income without additional risk
- Introduced a revenue sharing initiative with Keolis to better align financial interests
- Expanded MASSPort/Silverline service & recovered prior period unbilled revenues



FMCB/Management actions FY16 - FY18: How We Did it (continued)

Bending the cost curve:

- Set monthly financial targets / zero-based budgeting
- Streamlined workforce, 30% reduction in corporate / administration positions
- ✓ Partnered with private sector to contract cash handling operations, warehouse/logistics, call center, police dispatch and in-station customer service
- ✓ Re-negotiated Carmen & Machinists union contract wage rates and work-rules
- Restructured and refinanced debt portfolio and issued first public sustainability bond
- ✓ Executed Voluntary Retirement Incentive Plan; 380 net reduction in headcount



FMCB/Management actions FY16 - FY18: How We Did it (continued)

Accelerating Capital Investment

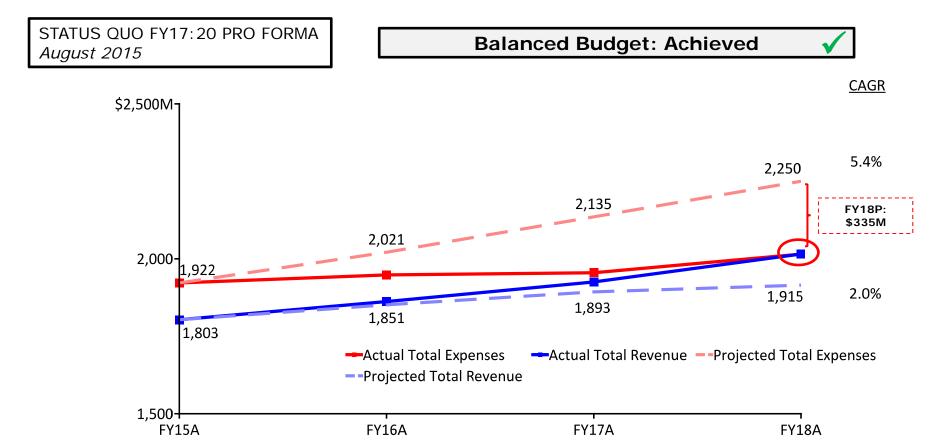
- ✓ FY16-FY18 operating budget savings resulted in over \$500M of Additional State Assistance being available for "pay-go" capital projects
- Invested over \$100M in winter resiliency infrastructure
- Executed plan to replace entire Red Line fleet with 266 new cars
- Replaced one-third of bus fleet with
 375 new hybrid and CNG buses
- Reset GLX project with new team & \$600M
 in value engineering

Modernizing Systems & Innovation

- Shifted MBTA onto Commonwealth payroll (HR-CMS) platform
- Transitioned off of "cash-vouchers" to electronic purchase orders
- Implemented digital platform to create visibility on open requisitions
- Partnered with TPA for leave management programs (FMLA/ADA)
- ✓ Implementing HASTUS electronic roster-picking for operators
- Executed Private/Public Partnership (3P) to replace fare collection system – AFC 2.0
- ✓ Implemented Uber & Lyft Pilots for The Ride



Balanced budget achieved by effective cost control and revenue growth beginning with the inception of the FMCB



Fiscal and Management Control Board

-\$119M

Structural Deficit

Includes Debt

Service

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-\$30M

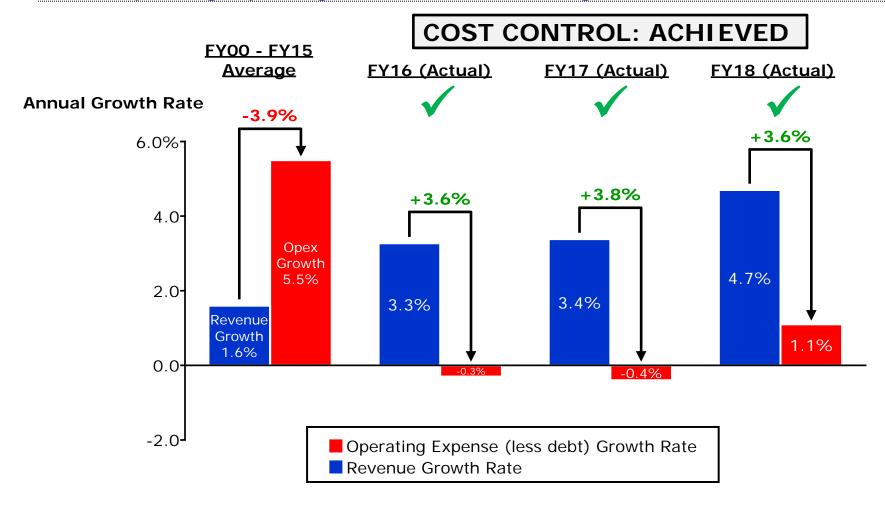
Note: Structural deficit includes debt service and transferred capital employees annual expense, does not include Additional State Assistance

-\$86M

\$0M



Path to Balanced Budget: Annual operating expense growth less than revenue growth



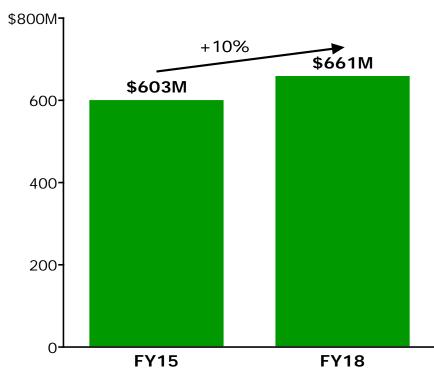
Executive Summary



Fare Revenue: Growth of 10% from FY16 through FY18

FARE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

MBTA Fare Revenue (FY15 - FY18, \$M)



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS AND PROJECTS

Key Achievements:

- Fare increase at beginning of FY17 contributed to revenue increase
- Corporate Pass Program: unit sales steady, revenue +10% FY15-18
- Commuter Rail revenue is strong (+25% FY15-18), especially mTicket
- · Non-subscription sales show less growth

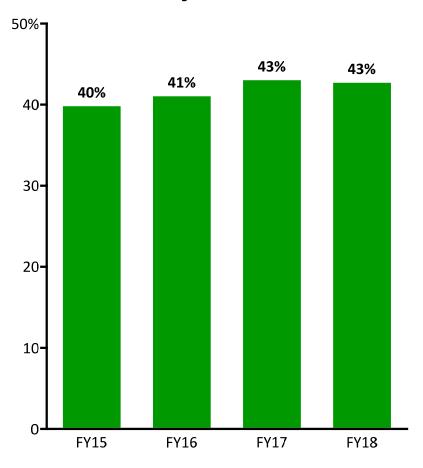
What's Next:

- Staff exploring ways to market and further improve the Corporate Pass program
- Staff examining new fare products and sales channels as we look towards AFC2
- Continued commitment to State of Good Repair investment in order to improve service



Stronger Fare Recovery Ratio = Improved Operating Efficiency

MBTA Fare Recovery Ratio



- "Fare recovery ratio" (FRR) measures transit system operating efficiency
- Calculation: total fare revenue / non-debt operating expense
- FRR shows what total % of system operating expense (not including debt) are covered by riders
- Systems with higher FRR require less taxpayer subsidy

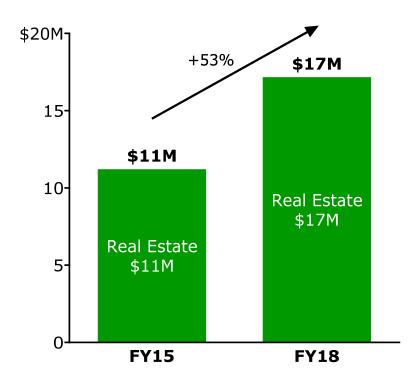
Executive Summary



Real Estate: Revenue growth of 53% from FY16 through FY18

REAL ESTATE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

MBTA Real Estate Revenue (FY15 - FY18, \$M)



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS AND PROJECTS

Key Achievements:

- South Station Amended and Restated lease generating additional \$1M per year
- Increasing existing tenant rents to market rate generates an additional \$250K per year
- Approximately \$500K collected through audit and reconciliation of existing portfolio
- Increased short term licensing revenue by \$300K

What's Next:

- Government Center Green & Blue line retail concession leases generating \$160K per year once fully implemented
- Seven new Bank of America ATM's generating \$195K per year once fully implemented

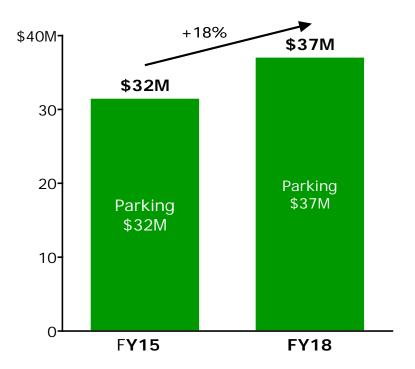
Executive Summary



Parking: Revenue growth of 18% from FY16 through FY18

PARKING FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

MBTA Parking Revenue (FY15 - FY18, \$M)



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS AND PROJECTS

Key Achievements:

- New parking vendor contract implemented in FY17 with Republic Parking
- Revenues at record highs, and FY18 Republic expenses remained on budget
- Completed three surface lot facility reconstructions in Fall 2017

What's Next:

- Greater facility automation and technology implementation (IT, collection, etc.)
- Repricing for first time in over a decade
- Continue with capital improvements to transform the customer experience
 - Quincy Adams and Braintree (South Shore Garages)
 - Alewife (immediate actions and long-term planning)
 - · Continued surface facility reconstructions

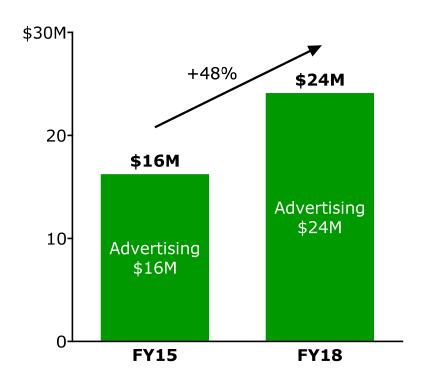
Note: \$4M recovered from LAZ parking settlement not included in FY18 Actual results



Advertising: Revenues growth of 48% from FY16 through FY18

ADVERTISING FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

MBTA Advertising Revenue (FY15 - FY18, \$M)



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS AND PROJECTS

Key Achievements:

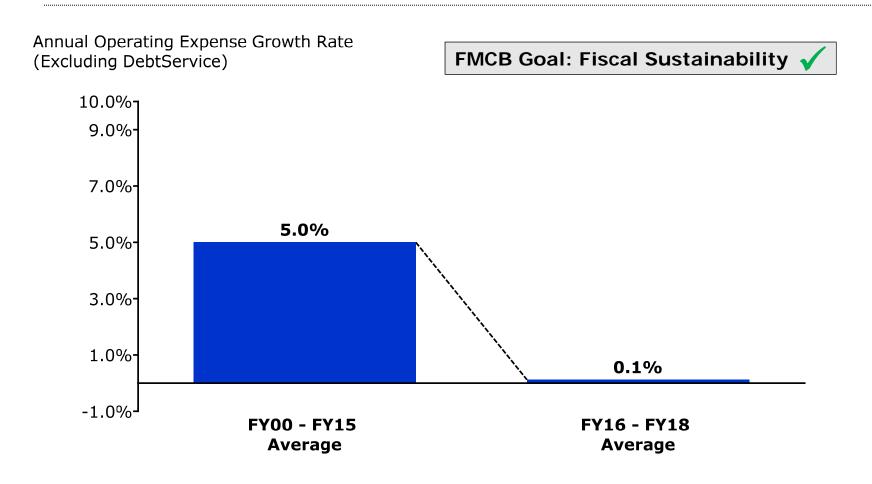
- FY18 monthly revenues at historic peaks
- New advertising contract implemented in 2016 with Outfront Media
 - One of the highest transit advertising revenue shares in the country
 - Focus on digital media, with 700 panels to be installed by Dec 2018 (~\$10M+ in capital at no cost to MBTA)
 - 450 digital panels (in-station and urban) installed to date at no cost to MBTA
 - Digital currently accounts for over 30% of revenue and growing
 - New analog formats like Ultra Super King (bus and train wraps) introduced

What's Next:

- Implementation of revised advertising policy (out in market)
- Continue build-out of digital advertising network
- Aggressively pursue market-leading terms for other advertising programs (billboards, bus shelters)

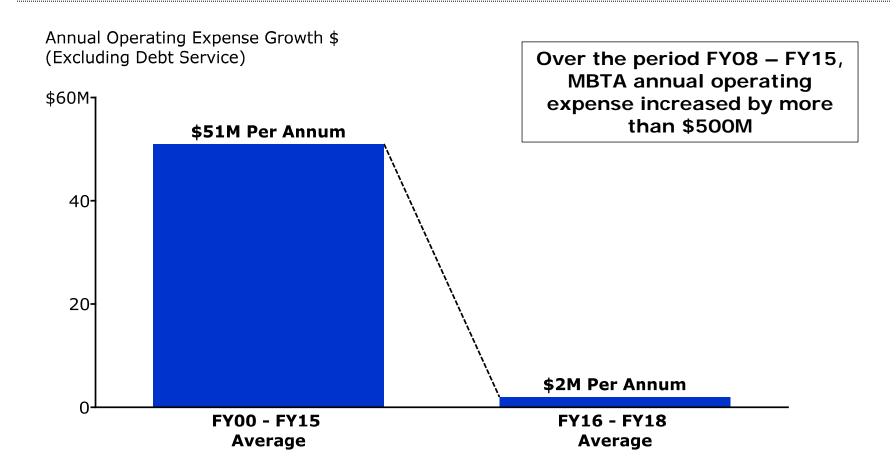


Since FMCB, operating expense growth % has been flat





Since FMCB, reduced average expense growth to \$2M annually



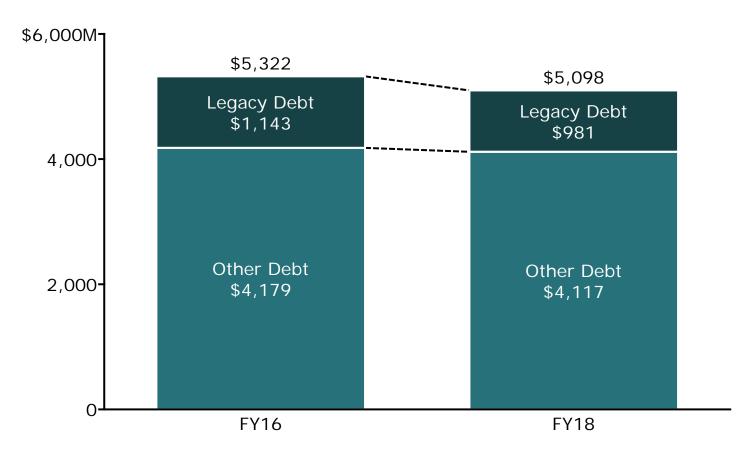
Debt management generated long term savings, improved borrowing terms and set market precedents

- Secured federally subsidized funding through \$400M TIFIA / RRIF loans
- Achieved <u>\$110M</u> in present value savings through two bond refundings in FY16
 - Lowest borrowing cost in MBTA history
- Issued first ever tax-exempt sustainability bond, demonstrating MBTA's commitment to Environmental and Social responsibility
 - Set important market precedent and was selected as the Bond Buyer Deal of the Year – Northeast Region Award winner
- Introduced a new credit to the market, which provides better borrowing terms at virtually no cost to the MBTA
- Terminated or amended 7 interest rate swaps generating \$8M savings of market values that enabled further restructuring of debt
 - MBTA is no longer making swap payments at above market rates
- Refreshed MBTA's 20 year old Investment Policy to reflect the current market environment
- Improved clarity and budgeting of future debt service by developing detailed financial models



MBTA paid off more than \$160M of "Legacy" Debt since FY16

Debt Outstanding





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Balanced Budget: Structural deficit eliminated in FY18

	FY17 Actual Results vs. FY18 Actual Results				
(\$M)	FY17 ACTUAL	FY18 ACTUAL	\$ VARIANCE	NOTES	
Operating Revenues	\$715.6	\$749.2	\$33.5	Favorable own-source revenues	
Operating Revenues Non-Operating Revenues Total Revenues	\$1,209.5	\$1,266.1	\$56.6	One-time FY18 revenues and recognition of deferred gains	
Total Revenues	\$1,925.2	\$2,015.3	\$90.1		
Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes	\$771.8	\$762.1	(\$9.7)	Active headcount management offset by higher pension contributions	
Non-Wage	\$755.3	\$781.1	\$25.8	CRail increases and higher materials spend	
Operating Expenses	\$1,527.1	\$1,543.2	\$16.1		
Operating Expenses Debt Service	\$427.9	\$472.0	\$44.1	Consistent with debt policy requiring increased debt service payments	
Total Expenses	\$1,955.1	\$2,015.2	\$60.1		
Structural Deficit	(\$29.9)	\$0.0	\$30.0		
Fare Recovery Ratio	43.2%	42.8%			
Revenue Recovery Ratio	50.4%	54.6%			

Fiscal and Management Control Board

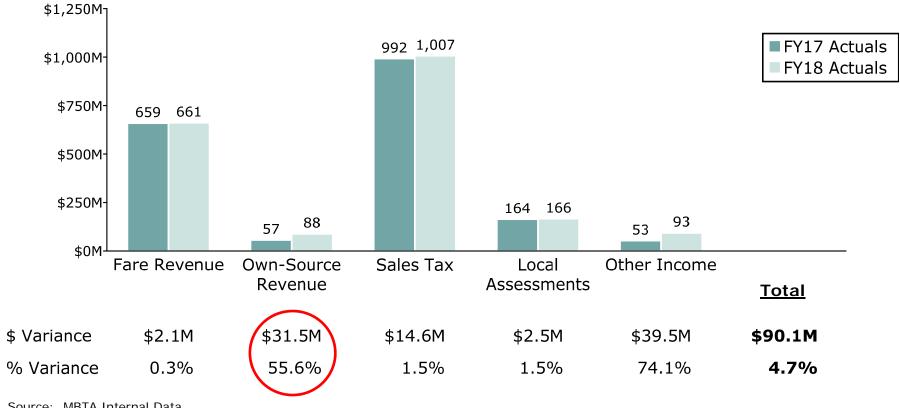
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^{*}Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this slide may not add up precisely to the totals provided



Total revenues increased 5% (\$90M) over same period last year

Total Revenue - FY17 Actuals vs. FY18 Actuals



Source: MBTA Internal Data

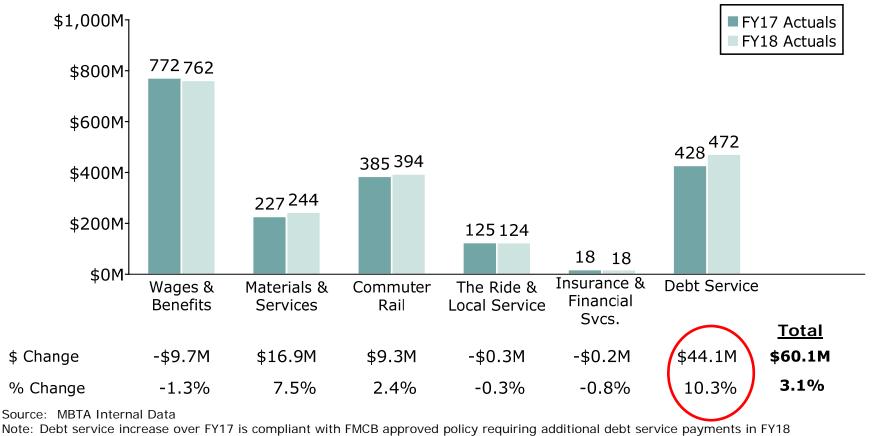
Note: Other income material items are penalties from Keolis (\$10m), recognition of deferred income from prior period sale of Haul Road and Tenneco Pipeline (\$10M), Lechmere transaction (\$7M), Green Line extension (\$4M) and Blue Cross Blue Shield insurance rebate (\$3M)

Fiscal and Management Control Board



Debt service increase consistent with FMCB approved debt policy requiring additional payments in FY18

Total Expenses (Including Debt Service) - FY17 Actuals vs. FY18 Actuals



Fiscal and Management Control Board

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Structural deficit 100% below budget (\$31M) in FY18

	FY18 Budget vs. FY18 Actual Results				
(\$M)	FY18 BUDGET	FY18 ACTUAL	\$ VARIANCE	NOTES	
Operating Revenues	\$766.2	\$749.2	(\$17.0)	Fare revenue below budget estimates	
Non-Operating Revenues	\$1,201.0	\$1,266.1	\$65.2	One-time FY18 revenues and recognition of deferred gains	
Total Revenues	\$1,967.2	\$2,015.3	\$48.1		
Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes	\$762.7	\$762.1	(\$0.6)	Active management of headcount despite vacancy challenges	
Non-Wage	\$783.6	\$781.1	(\$2.5)	Continued cost controls offset by higher RIDE costs	
Operating Expenses	\$1,546.3	\$1,543.2	(\$3.1)		
Debt Service	\$451.4	\$472.0	\$20.6	Pulled debt service payments forward and new issuance	
Total Expenses	\$1,997.6	\$2,015.2	\$17.5		
Structural Deficit	(\$30.5)	\$0.0	\$30.6		
Fare Recovery Ratio Revenue Recovery Ratio	44% 51%	43% 55%			
	Operating Revenues Non-Operating Revenues Total Revenues Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes Non-Wage Operating Expenses Debt Service Total Expenses Structural Deficit Fare Recovery Ratio	Operating Revenues \$766.2 Non-Operating Revenues \$1,201.0 Total Revenues \$1,967.2 Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes Non-Wage \$783.6 Operating Expenses \$1,546.3 Debt Service \$451.4 Total Expenses \$1,997.6 Structural Deficit (\$30.5) Fare Recovery Ratio Revenue Recovery Ratio S1%	FY18 BUDGET FY18 ACTUAL Operating Revenues \$766.2 \$749.2 Non-Operating Revenues \$1,201.0 \$1,266.1 Total Revenues \$1,967.2 \$2,015.3 Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes \$762.7 \$762.1 Non-Wage \$783.6 \$781.1 Operating Expenses \$1,546.3 \$1,543.2 Debt Service \$451.4 \$472.0 Total Expenses \$1,997.6 \$2,015.2 Structural Deficit (\$30.5) \$0.0 Fare Recovery Ratio Revenue Recovery Ratio Revenue Recovery Ratio S1% 55%	FY18 BUDGET FY18 ACTUAL \$ VARIANCE Operating Revenues \$766.2 \$749.2 (\$17.0) Non-Operating Revenues \$1,201.0 \$1,266.1 \$65.2 Total Revenues \$1,967.2 \$2,015.3 \$48.1 Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes \$762.7 \$762.1 (\$0.6) Non-Wage \$783.6 \$781.1 (\$2.5) Operating Expenses \$1,546.3 \$1,543.2 (\$3.1) Debt Service \$451.4 \$472.0 \$20.6 Total Expenses \$1,997.6 \$2,015.2 \$17.5 Structural Deficit (\$30.5) \$0.0 \$30.6 Fare Recovery Ratio Revenue Recovery Ratio Single Singl	

Fiscal and Management Control Board

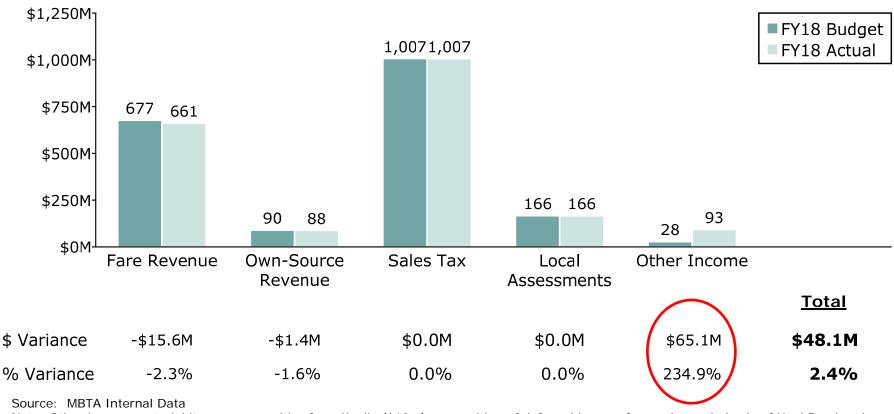
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Revenue over budget by \$48M Fare revenue shortfall offset by higher other income

Total Revenues - FY18 Budget vs. FY18 Actuals



Note: Other income material items are penalties from Keolis (\$10m), recognition of deferred income from prior period sale of Haul Road and Tenneco Pipeline (\$10M), Lechmere transaction (\$7M), Green Line extension (\$4M) and Blue Cross Blue Shield insurance rebate (\$3M)

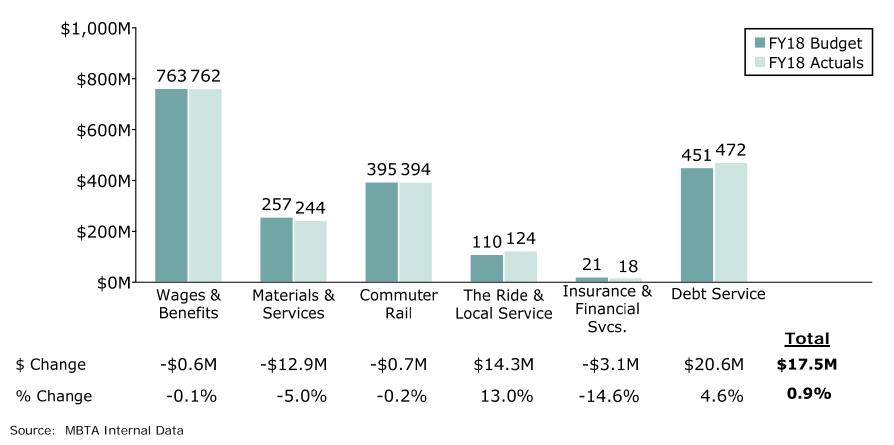
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Total Expenses (Including Debt Service) up \$17.5M

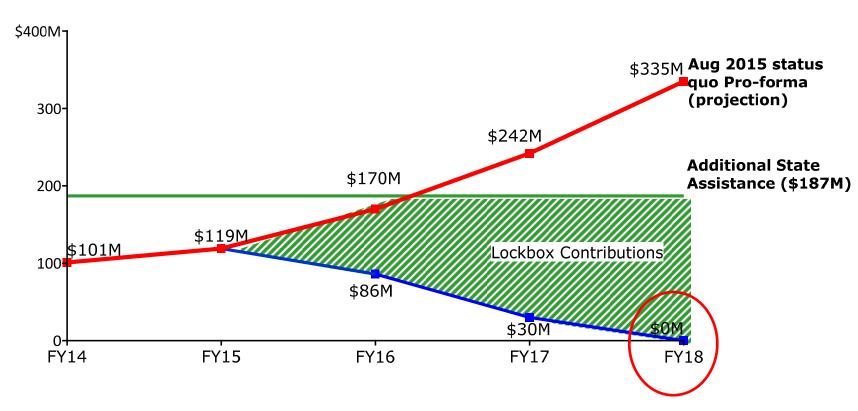
Total Expenses (Including Debt Service) - FY18 Budget vs. FY18 Actuals





FY18 Deficit \$335M below projections; \$630M of cumulative savings since creation of FMCB

Structural Deficit



Structural Deficit does not include Additional State Assistance received in FY16 (\$155M), FY17 (\$140.25M) and FY18 Actuals (\$127M)

FY16-FY18 operating budget savings resulted in over \$500M of Additional State Assistance being available for "pay-go" capital projects

PAY-GO CAPITAL EXAMPLES

Red Line No. 3 Cars

Lynn Parking Garage

Worcester Line Rail Replacement









MBTA Remains in a Turnaround

FY16-FY18 Priorities

- Establish strong Fiscal & Management Control Board
- ✓ Stabilize Operating Budget
- ✓ Recruit and Hire Top Tier Talent
- ✓ Establish Accelerated Capital Investment Trajectory
- Execute Accelerated Capital Delivery Plan (eliminate project delivery bottleneck)

Ongoing Initiatives

- Maintain Financial Discipline
- Achieve Own-Source Revenue Goal of \$100M
- Execute on Business Process Redesign & Implement Technology Upgrades
- Continued Focus on Customer Experience



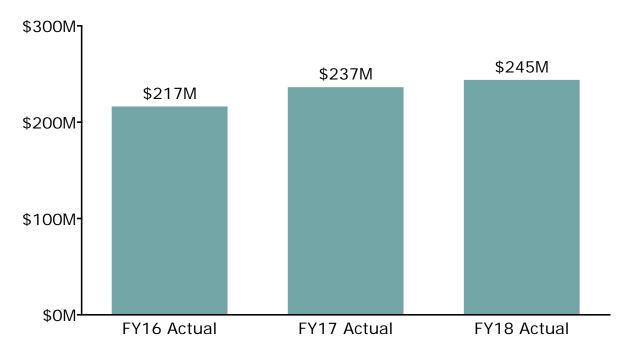
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FY18 Commuter rail revenue up 3.2% over FY17, and up 12.7% over FY16

Commuter Rail Fare Revenue (Unallocated) - 12 Months



Commuter Rail Revenue Growth

FY18 / FY17:

3.2%

FY18 / FY16:

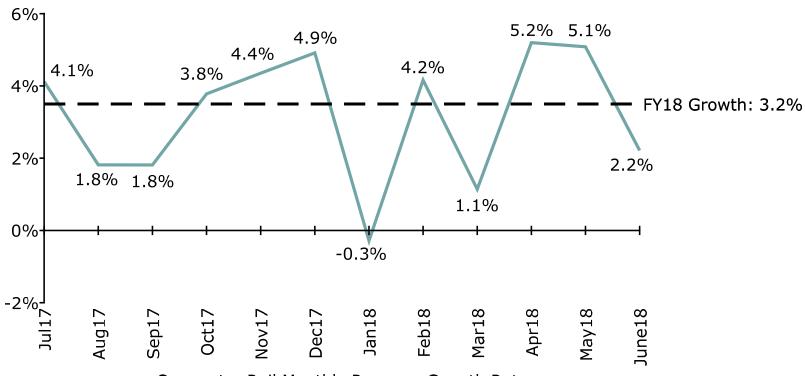
12.7%

Note: Chart above shows "unallocated" commuter rail revenue, prior to CTPS allocation for linked trips to other modes.



Commuter rail revenue up 3.2% for FY18

Commuter Rail Fare Revenue (Unallocated) Monthly Revenue Growth Rate over FY17



Commuter Rail Monthly Revenue Growth Rate

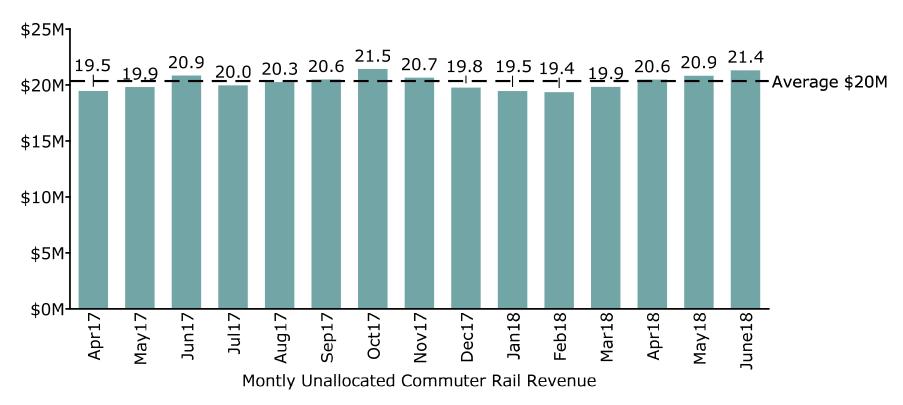
Note: Chart above shows "unallocated" commuter rail revenue, prior to CTPS allocation for linked trips to other modes



Commuter rail revenue: Growth of 3.2% in FY18 - June monthly revenue up 2.2% year-on-year

FY18/FY17 Growth: 3.2%

Monthly MBTA Commuter Rail Revenue (unallocated)



<u>Year-over-Year Growth by Month:</u> 4.1% 1.8% 1.8% 3.8% 4.4% 4.9% -0.3% 4.2% 1.1% 5.2% 5.1% 2.2%

Note: Chart above shows "unallocated" commuter rail revenue, prior to CTPS allocation for linked trips to other model



Commuter rail revenue has grown \$7.5M in FY18

• Full year unallocated commuter rail revenue:

> FY14: \$196.5M

> FY15: \$204.7M

> FY16: \$217.1M

> FY17: \$237.2M

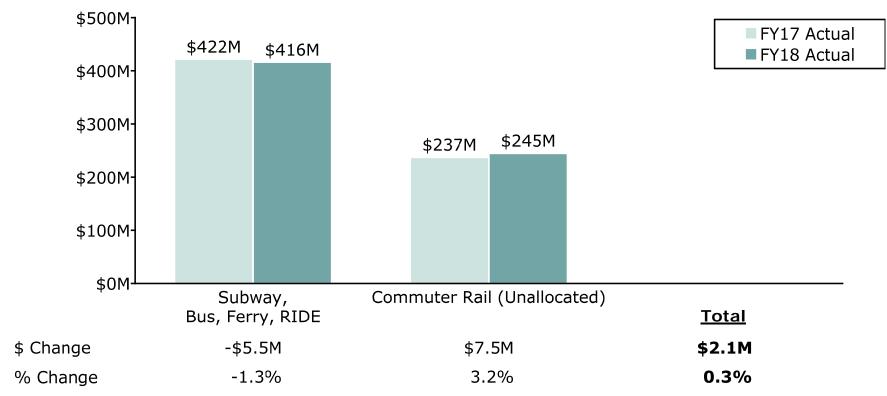
> FY18: \$244.7M

• Growth in FY17-18 is \$7.5M (3.2%)



Fare revenue is up 0.3% (\$2.1M) in FY18

Fare Revenue - FY17 vs. FY18



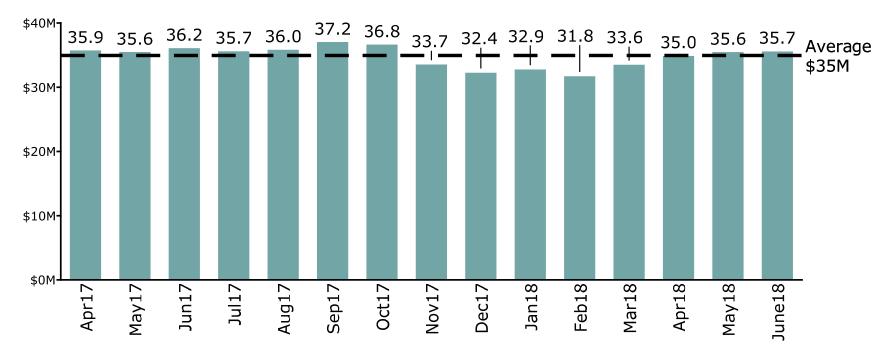
Note: Chart above shows "unallocated" commuter rail revenue, prior to CTPS allocation for linked trips to other modes; Subway, Bus, Ferry RIDE Revenue includes adjustments to total fare revenue



Subway, Bus, Ferry & RIDE revenue is slightly lower in FY18

Monthly Subway, Bus, Ferry & RIDE Revenue

YTD FY18/FY17 Growth: -1.3%



Monthly Unallocated Subway, Bus, Ferry & RIDE Revenue

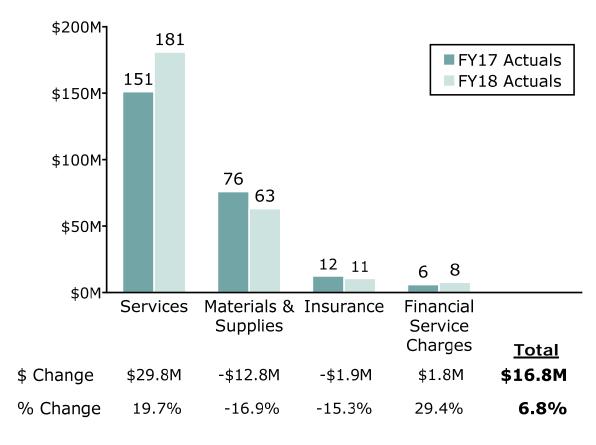
<u>Year-over-Year Growth by Month:</u> -2.4% -0.4% 1.9% 1.2% -2.3% -6.2% -1.0% -0.9% -1.6% -2.4% 0.0% -1.4%

Note: Includes all adjustments to total fare revenue



Materials, services, insurance and financial costs up 6.8% (\$16.8M)

Materials and Services - FY17 Actuals vs. FY18 Actuals



Change in Materials and Services	\$16.9	
Services	\$29.8	
Computer services	\$5.0	
Contract cleaning	\$4.5	
Engineering	\$0.2	
Utilities	\$11.5	
Temporary help	(\$2.1)	
Other services	\$10.7	
Materials and		
	(\$12.8)	
Supplies Equipment components	(\$12.8) (\$3.1)	
Supplies Equipment		
Supplies Equipment components Fuel Inventory Adjustment	(\$3.1)	
Supplies Equipment components Fuel Inventory	(\$3.1) (\$0.6)	
Supplies Equipment components Fuel Inventory Adjustment Maint. Supplies/other	(\$3.1) (\$0.6) (\$0.3)	

Source: MBTA Internal Data
Fiscal and Management Control Board

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