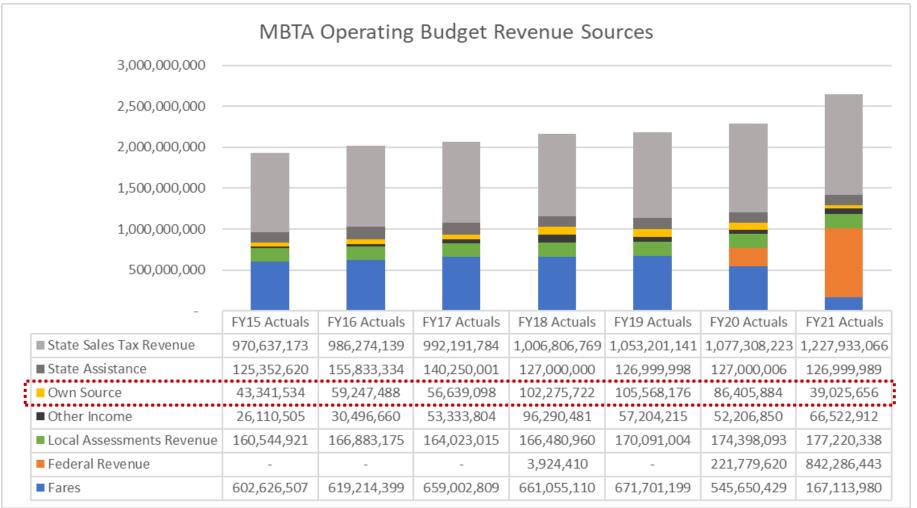


## **Own Source Revenue**

Elizabeth Winters Ronaldson, Chief Commercial Officer

Richard Henderson, Chief Real Estate Officer

## MBTA Operating Budget Revenue Sources



The MBTA's **Operating Budget Revenue** relies on:

- Sales Tax
- State Assistance
- Local Assessments
- Fares

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- Own Source Revenue
  - Parking
  - Advertising
  - Real Estate
  - Other Operating Revenue

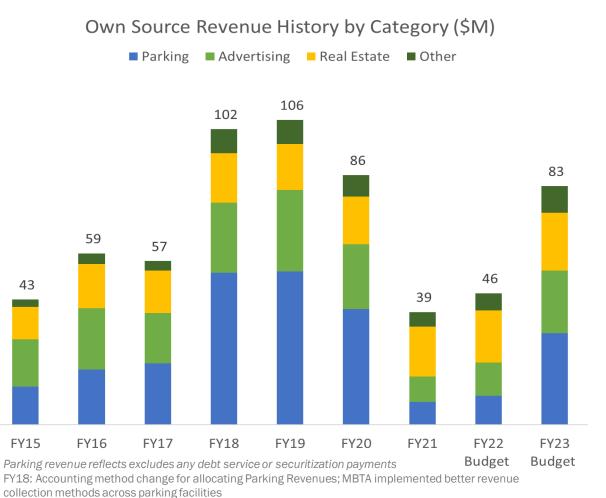
Category	FY19	FY22
Fares	31%	6 7%
Federal Revenue	0%	6 35%
Local Assessments Revenue	8%	6%
Other Income	3%	6 1%
Own Source	5%	6 2%
State Assistance	6%	6 5%
State Sales Tax Revenue	48%	6 45%

2 Parking revenue reflects excludes any debt service or securitization payments

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FY18: Accounting method change for allocating Parking Revenues; MBTA implemented better revenue collection methods across parking facilities

## Historic Own Source Revenue



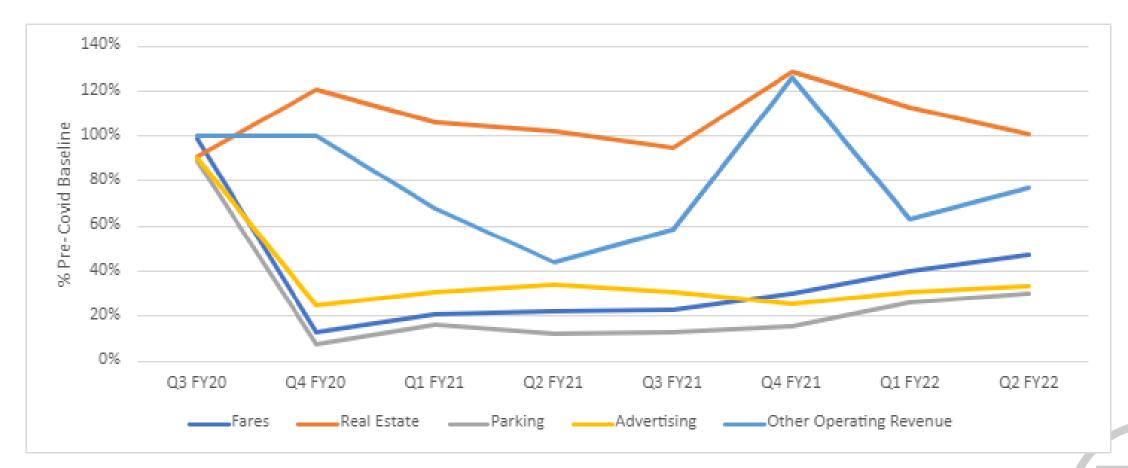
Other Operating Revenues include South Station and Massport Shuttle

- COVID-19 has impacted Own Source Revenue growth realized prior to the pandemic
- Operating Revenue (Own Source Revenue + Fares) pre-pandemic grew on average +4% annually and -49% since

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## **Own Source Revenue During Covid-19**

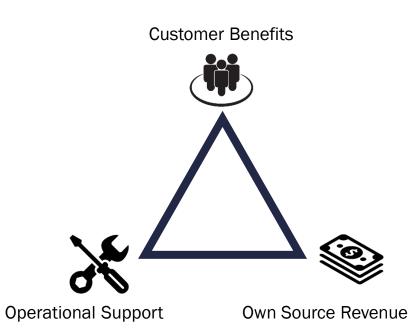


- Since March 2020, revenues from Fares, Parking, and Advertising have declined in line with ridership
- However, Real Estate and Other Operating Revenues have remained more stable

A Parking revenue excludes any debt service or securitization payments

## Capturing Value from Own Source Revenue Initiatives

- Best sources of Own Source Revenue are recurring and require active management to maximize revenues
  - Advertising, Telecommunications, Parking, Concession Rent, and Utilities
- Many sources of Own Source Revenue also provide value to our riders and the Authority beyond revenue generation
  - Real-time Customer Information is provided by our digital advertising panels
  - First & Last Mile connections are provided by our parking lots and garages
  - Cell service is provided for our riders through the Telecommunication infrastructure in stations and tunnels
- Transit Oriented Developments (TODs) are key for creating dense, safe, walkable communities
  - The value created through TODs take many forms: housing, commercial real estate, parking, access improvements, operating cost avoidance, and revenue



Internal Resources (people, funding, attention, capacity) are focused on Safety, Service, and State of Good Repair

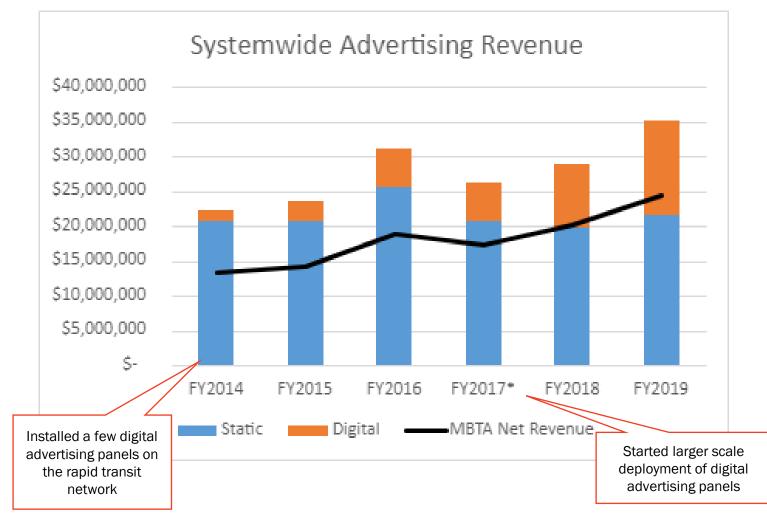
## Parking and Station Access Initiatives

FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
<ul> <li>Re-procured Parking Management Concession</li> <li>Introduced License Plate Recognition system for parking facility management</li> <li>Expanded mobile payment to majority of parking facilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FMCB Approved Parking Pricing Policy</li> <li>Implemented first parking pricing change in a decade</li> <li>Started program of state of good repair work at Parking Lots and Garages</li> <li>Phased out cash collection at seven facilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Developed new snow and ice clearing plan</li> <li>Introduced new parking enforcement planning software</li> <li>Executed on state of good repair projects improving safety and customer experience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eliminated cash at garages</li> <li>Expanded PaybyPhone to all MBTA garages</li> <li>Explored alternate uses for facilities in response to the sudden drop of demand brought on by COVID-19</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Started License- Plate Reader Proof of Concept at select facilities</li> <li>Continued state of good repair capital investments</li> <li>Secured funding to repair and replace bike racks</li> </ul>

## **Advertising Initiatives**

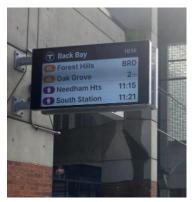
FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
<ul> <li>Re-procured Systemwide Advertising Concession with Industry-leading terms</li> <li>Updated advertising guidelines to allow alcohol advertising in some locations</li> <li>Piloted digital advertising panels at select stations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Started large-scale deployment of digital advertising panels across network</li> <li>Launched new formats for outdoor advertising including full bus and train wraps</li> <li>Debuted real-time subway arrival information on digital panels inside stations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Installed first Digital Urban Panels at station entrances</li> <li>Re-vamped static advertising inventory at North and South Stations</li> <li>Added bus arrival information on Digital Urban Panels at station entrances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Completed installation of 650+ digital advertising panels across the rapid transit network</li> <li>Procured Outdoor Information Panels to provide roadside customer information</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Re-procured Street Furniture Concession to provide sustainable operations, maintenance, and snow removal for bus shelters across the network</li> <li>Secured funding to support Street Furniture deployment</li> <li>Installed first Outdoor Information Panel</li> </ul>

## Systemwide Advertising Revenue



**Systemwide** Advertising Revenue growth pre-pandemic was fueled by:

- Installing digital panels across the rapid transit network
- Diversifying and continuously refreshing portfolio with in-station and street-level assets

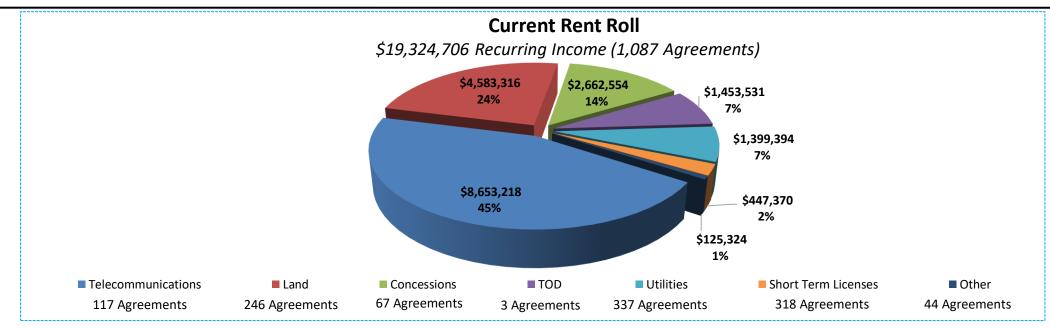


Digital Urban Panel displaying Real-Time Customer Information outside Back Bay Station

\*FY17 Outfront took over as the MBTA's Systemwide Advertising Concessionaire

8 Systemwide Advertising Concession includes advertisements on and in MBTA stations, buses, trains Additional advertising sources include Billboards, Bus Shelters, and Street Furniture (not included)

### **Real Estate Recurring Revenue**



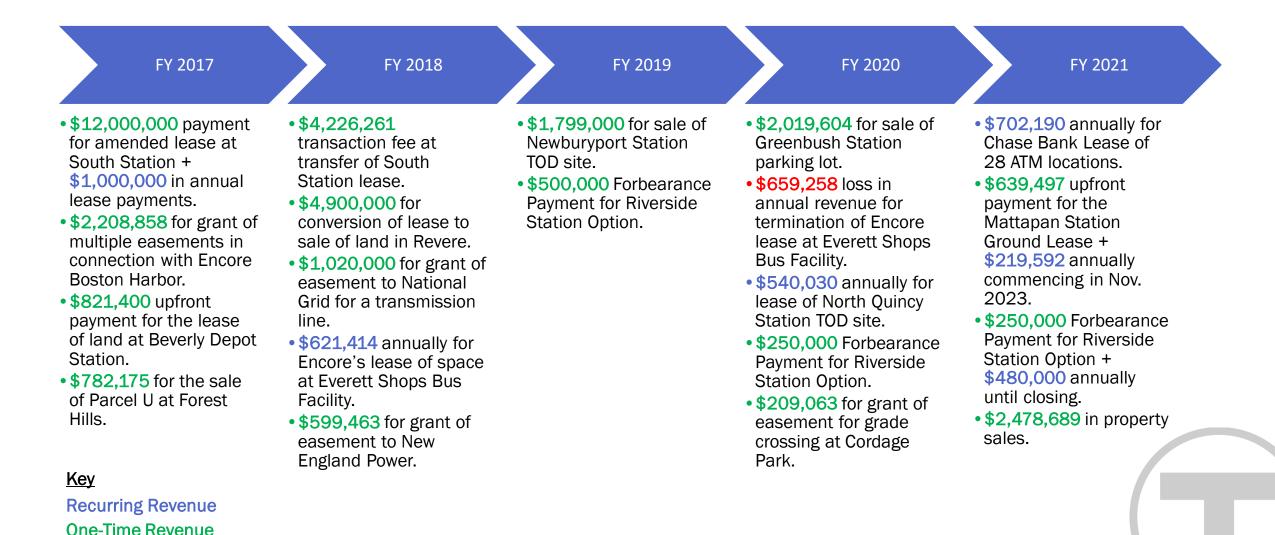
Note: above represents in place occupancy agreements, not inclusive of admin and other processing income.

#### Largest Rent Roll Contributors

Telecommu	nication	TOD, Land and I	TOD, Land and Buildings		Concessions		Utilities	
Agreement	Annual Revenue	Agreement	Annual Revenue		Agreement	Annual Revenue	Agreement	Annual Revenue
InSite Wireless	\$1,559,081	North Station Garage	\$2,299,374		Chase Bank	\$646,006	Boston Edison	\$274,562
Williams Comm.	\$1,060,989	S.S. Headhouse	\$1,035,000		Citizens Bank	\$288,283	Mass Electric	\$243,637
Sprint	\$987,139	Riverside TOD	\$900,000*		Bank of America	\$208,467	N.E. Power	\$169,891

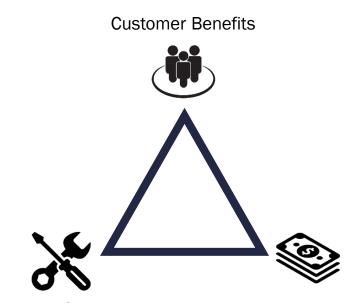
\*The Riverside revenue is option period rent that will end at the project closing.

## Real Estate Revenue Highlights



## Maximizing Benefits from MBTA Assets

- The MBTA Own Source Revenue relies on reliable, recurring revenue sources
- TODs can provide value for the MBTA and customers, but that value can be realized in different ways. Existing examples include:
  - Kendall: New headhouse provides customer amenity, but no one-time or recurring revenue,
  - North Quincy: Surface lot redeveloped as a parking garage, 600 housing units and retail. Ground lease payments are partly offset by higher operating costs for the garage.
  - Riverside: MBTA receives new parking facility maintained by developer, but lease payment from developer reduced by costs related to build and maintain garage and highway ramps



**Operational Support** 

Own Source Revenue

## National Comparison of Transit Agencies

The MBTA is a leader among transit agencies in the creation of housing and commercial square footage:

Transit Agency	Buildings Completed	Residential Units	Commercial SF
WMATA (Washington DC)	45	8,252	3,500,000
BART (Bay Area – California)	20	4,247	672,000
MBTA (Boston)	58	3,694	2,407,375
MARTA (Atlanta)	18	1,941	2,600,000
LA Metro (Los Angeles)	9	2,200	Unknown
RTD (Denver)	6	781	Unknown
Sound Transit (Seattle)	4	426	-
TriMet (Portland)	1	200	-
CTA (Chicago)	-	-	-
SEPTA (Philadelphia)	-	-	-

\*NOTE: This list is only inclusive of projects that are under construction or completed on property leased or sold by the agency and include some aspect of transit facilities replacement or integration. Therefore, the numbers differ from the next slide, which used a broader definition.

### MBTA Transit Oriented Development Projects 2004-22

Project Status	Units	Affordable	Commercial SF	Value to MBTA	In Kind	Cash*
COMPLETED: 12 Projects	4,361	907	4,685,235	\$79,571,589	\$39,500,000	\$40,071,589
UNDER CONSTRUCTION: 11 Projects	1,471	545	1,193,140	\$194,938,329	\$170,000,000	\$14,156,504
IN PERMITTING: 2 Projects	1,182	193	1,248,000	\$62,584,106	\$37,000,000	\$25,584,106
GRAND TOTAL	7,014	1,645	7,126,375	\$337,094,024	\$246,500,000	\$90,769,801
* Actual one-time payment or net pres	ent value					

## Constraints and Initiatives: Real Estate TOD

- Past real estate dispositions sold 266 acres, earning only one-time revenue. Few existing projects pay annual ground rent.
- Virtually all remaining TOD opportunities are actively used by MBTA functions.
  - In order to initiate a real estate opportunity each property must be properly and extensively vetted with the operating departments to ensure all impacts are considered before an Invitation to Bid can be issued.
- **Market** is strong for MBTA sites, but potential income is impacted by operational needs and requirements to maintain parking, span active facilities; and as well by environmental conditions, community goals, and other considerations. As per prior slide in certain cases, development has provided value in the form of improved facilities rather than dollars.
- Most MBTA owned properties have not been zoned for development, impacting value and time to market. Host communities have local goals and expectations regarding density and needs that can result in non- or lower-revenue generating uses and development of MBTA land.

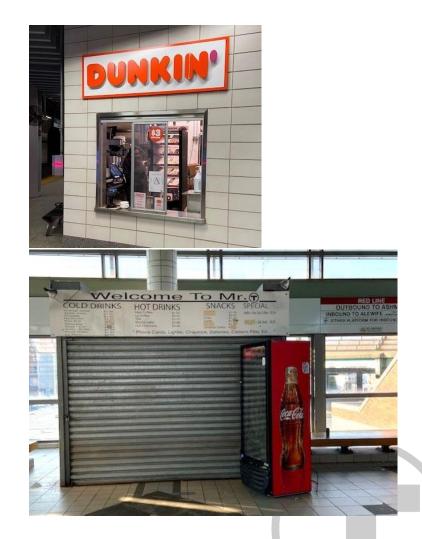
## Constraints and Initiatives: Public-Private Partnerships

- Additional legal authority is necessary for MBTA to maximize real estate opportunities,
  - Currently MBTA has very **limited opportunity for creative Public-Private Partnerships.** Recent Administration efforts to encourage Public Private Partnerships (P3s) through legislative change remain have yet to be enacted by the Legislature.
  - Existing authority to dispose and/or leasing is best suited to dwindling supply of unused surplus property
- Substantial MBTA resources are devoted to reviewing and coordinating impacts of adjacent construction and development projects, often with little benefit to the T.
  - A review of the opportunities to improve the monetary benefit to the T is underway. Currently the MBTA is formally at the table for mitigation discussions only if project is subject to the State MEPA permitting process.



## Real Estate Leasing Constraints

- Access to the system is limited to overnight hours and by limited availability of staff to oversee third party work for installation or investigation of revenue-generating opportunities.
- Many of our Concession Spaces are need improvements, making them challenging to lease without significant investment.
- Market can be difficult for concession spaces inside stations. During Covid, several tenants closed their businesses. We currently have 67 concession leases.
- MBTA-occupied space had traditionally not been managed as a comprehensive Real Estate portfolio to maximize efficiencies, savings and/or revenue potential.



## Growing Own Source Revenue

- 1. Advertising and Parking revenues growth relies upon and is tied to increases in systemwide ridership
- 2. Additional Outdoor Advertising will generate incremental revenue, but there are diminishing returns on new locations
- 3. Converting or installing new digital billboards, which materially increase revenue, has proved challenging
- 4. Legislation is being proposed to provide additional flexibility for the MBTA to enter into Design-Build-Finance-Operate-Maintain Agreements and Public-Private Partnerships to spur economic development, support capital infrastructure improvements, and provide on-going revenue.
- 5. Advance planning relies on MBTA internal resources to support revenue growth recognizing MBTA priority is to support Safety, Service, and State of Good Repair efforts.

In order to grow revenue, efficiently manage facilities, and encourage parking, the MBTA is continuing:

- Upgrades to parking enforcement technology that will enable new parking products and revenue collection processes
- On-going data- and market-based review of parking prices to generate long-term, sustainable revenue and consistent parking utilization across the network
- State of good repair work at garages and parking lots



License Plate Reader Cameras at MBTA Parking Facility

## Growing Revenue: Advertising Initiatives

With twin goals of **growing revenue** and **supporting customers**, the MBTA is expanding:

- Street Furniture at Bus Stops
- Digital Outdoor Information Panels
- Digital Advertising Screens at the entrances to Rapid Transit Stations

The MBTA continues to partner with and seek the support of Municipalities, Residents, and State Agencies to:

- Support and encourage the introduction of new advertisingsupported customer amenities in their communities
- Review, provide feedback on, and approve plans for new locations
- Coordinate and communicate upcoming projects to identify impacts to and opportunities for new sites



Draft Design for future Bus Shelters



## Growing Revenue: Real Estate Leasing

In order to **grow revenues** and **customer experience**, the MBTA is:

- Exploring potential of new technologies for additional utility and telecommunications use on MBTA infrastructure and land
- Reviewing the MBTA's portfolio of owned and leased facilities to ensure efficient size, function and utilization and identify opportunities for cost savings or lease revenue
- Investing in vacant concession spaces in stations that have potential to repay investment in a few years and/or improve accessibility and customer experience



## Growing Revenue: Real Estate TOD

In order to build revenues and improve our facilities while promoting regional economic development and increasing ridership, the MBTA is:

- Moving forward with the next generation of TOD Opportunities (Sullivan, Watertown, Alewife, Quincy Center, Lynn)
- Exploring potential new opportunities related to MBTA Communities Act and P3 legislation
- Engaging in local permitting processes for nearby private development, and advocating for impact mitigation and mutually beneficial improvements
- Studying funding models and mechanisms at international and domestic peer agencies, reporting back to the Board later this summer

To do this, the MBTA relies on MBTA/DOT resources and the partnership of Municipalities 22and State agencies. Draft for Discussion & Policy Purposes Only



Sullivan Station Parking Lot

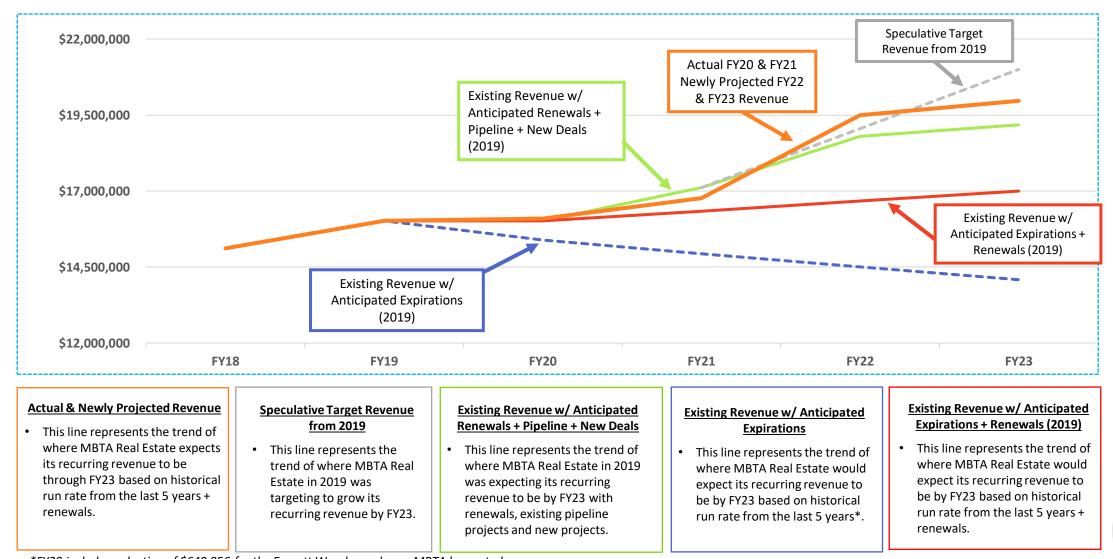
# Appendix

## Historical Recurring Real Estate Revenue

Revenue Category	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21
Concessions	\$ 2,673,733.00	\$ 2,285,000.89	\$ 2,266,808.66	\$ 2,196,142.87	\$ 1,953,420.58	\$ 2,002,265.55	\$ 1,439,208.23
Utilities	\$ 1,235,210.34	\$ 1,137,973.54	\$ 1,332,498.32	\$ 1,342,045.88	\$ 1,291,840.33	\$ 1,511,355.46	\$ 1,599,836.91
Rental/Land Building	\$ 1,476,674.17	\$ 1,345,673.34	\$ 1,200,853.07	\$ 2,137,455.55	\$ 2,039,749.99	\$ 1,265,441.18	\$ 1,302,683.46
Telecommunications	\$ 6,953,846.72	\$ 7,694,343.11	\$ 8,115,382.77	\$ 8,468,926.19	\$ 7,480,192.12	\$ 8,051,389.00	\$ 8,827,035.24
Long Term Agreements & Easements*	\$ 536,548.28	\$ 202,461.79	\$ 1,584,430.94	\$ 7,757,779.20	\$ 1,814,696.86	\$ 2,362,439.09	\$ 2,697,462.00
Licensing and Other Income	\$ 802,331.54	\$ 886,636.92	2 \$ 596,265.04	\$ 559,361.88	\$ 762,743.34	\$ 904,839.13	\$ 902,400.96
Total Income	\$ 14,214,892.33	\$ 13,687,884.66	\$ 15,630,669.80	\$ 22,642,166.49	\$ 15,957,340.16	\$ 16,210,576.35	\$ 16,882,954.38

\*Note: This category represents payments associated with long term leases i.e. lease payments, extension fees, assignment and transfer fees.

## Recurring RE Revenue Trend Updated from 2019



\*FY20 includes reduction of \$640,056 for the Everett Warehouse lease. MBTA has opted Draft for Discussion & Policy Purposes Only

 $\sim$  To terminate the lease to utilize the space for operations.

#### MBTA Transit Oriented Development Projects

Project	Lessee/Developer	Units	Affordable	Commercial SF
	Complet	ted Projects		
Arborpoint at Woodland Station	National Development	180	45	N/A
The Carruth at Ashmont Station	Trinity Financial	116	74	38,000
Parcel 1A - Avenir at North Station	Trinity Financial	241	17	30,000
Hingham Shipyard	Samuels	479	24	240,000
225 Center Street at Jackson Square	JPNDC	438	291	60,000
Avalon North Station	Avalon Bay	503	54	3,575
Parcel U	Urbanica	102	78	2,660
Beverly Depot	Barnat Development	67	14	4,500
Boston Landing	NB Development Group	295	38	730,000
Assembly Row	Federal Realty	1843	230	3,385,000
Parcel 25 (Phase 1)	Mission Hill NHS	88	40	196,000
Newburyport	Minco	76	16	N/A
TOTALS		4,361	907	4,685,235
	Projects Und	ler Construction	· · · · ·	
Parcel 25 (Phase 2)	Mission Hill NHS	46	46	N/A
Bartlett Place	Nuestra/Windale	323	194	54,000
Fenway Center	Meredith/IQHQ	312	47	228,000
Waterfront Square	Eurovest/Redgate	320	N/A	175,000
South Station Air Rights (Phase 1)	Hines	175	26	711,000
North Quincy Station	Bozzuto/Atlantic Development	610	*	55,000
25 Amory Street - Jackson Square	JPNDC	44	44	N/A
250 Centre Street - Jackson Square	The Community Builders	112	45	2,140
125 Amory Street - Jackson Square	Urban Edge	62	62	N/A
Mattapan Station	POAH/Nuestra	135	70	10,000
Scituate - Greenbush Station	Drew Company	77	11	13,000
TOTALS		1,471	545	1,193,140
	Projects in Pe	ermitting/Design		
Riverside Station	Mark Development	582	103	594,000
Back Bay Station	Boston Properties	600	90	654,000
TOTALS		1,182	193	1,248,000
GRAND TOTAL		7,014	1,645	7,126,375

\* \$5 million contribution to the City's Affordable Housing Fund