

MBTA Bus Transformation Update Part 1: Fleet and Facility Update

Fiscal and Management Control Board

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Agenda

- MBTA Bus Fleet and Facilities Goals
- Program Initial Steps
- Implementation Plan Going Forward (Financially Unconstrained)
 - Facilities
 - Fleet
- Funding Needs and Timeline

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Existing Bus Maintenance Facilities



Bus Transformation Goals: Fleet and Facilities

MBTA does not view fleet and facility decisions in isolation – they are an integrated strategy, with the following goals:

- Convert the entire bus fleet to zero emissions technology and implementation of associated facility investments in <u>support of Commonwealth's carbon reduction goals</u>
- Modernize all bus maintenance facilities to accommodate zero emissions technology and improve conditions for our workforce to support their efforts to <u>keep our service reliable for our passengers</u>
- Transition to a more uniform bus fleet replaced on a predictable, annual timetable to reduce capital, maintenance, and operations costs in <u>support of fleet reliability for our passengers</u>
- Allow for an increase in fleet size to position the MBTA's bus network redesign to <u>meet the needs of</u> growing ridership

The goals for the MBTA's Fleet and Facilities support the Bus Transformation's overall aim to center rider benefits through focus on equity, service, reliability, and sustainability.

Integrated Fleet and Facility Strategy

Achieving the Fleet & Facilities goals requires:

- Approx. \$4.5B invested in delivering a <u>new</u> bus facility every 2 -3 years to support the phased introduction of BEBs.
 - Requires continuation of <u>sustained, annual</u> <u>programming</u> for design/real estate (\$30 – 70M) and construction (\$300M+) starting in FY22
- \$100 130M annually to purchase 80 to <u>100 buses</u> to replace buses at end of service life, technology (BEB or hybrid) <u>pending</u> <u>facility capacity</u>
 - Requires continuation of <u>sustained, annual</u> <u>programming</u> for bus procurements to maintain reliability and transition to BEB



Bus Electrification Emissions Reduction Path



Facility capacity acts as bottleneck

- Largest risks to plan are facility funding, utility capacity, and construction delays
- BEB technology has advanced to point where strategies are available (managed charging, auxilliary heaters) to allow for transition to begin today
- <u>Building facility capacity requires</u>
 <u>sustained, annual design/real estate/</u>
 <u>construction funding in CIP</u>

Prioritization of Initial Fleet and Facility Investments

To ensure continuity of reliable bus service for our customers, initial decisions have been driven by:

<i>Facility Obsolescence</i> <u>Problem</u> : Facilities only able to accommodate oldest diesel fleet (2006-2009)	<i>Fleet Age/Reliability/Flexibility</i> <u>Problem</u> : Older boutique fleets in need of retirement
Albany <u>Solution</u> : Albany Garage Doors project (under construction) to address vertical clearance <u>Why?</u> : Cost effective solution (\$2M) allowed for quick fix	Silver Line Transitway Fleet Solution: Purchase enhanced electric hybrid fleet <u>Why?</u> : Results of 2019/20 pilot, BEB constraints at Southampton, and NFI contract option make EEHs most cost effective choice for improving reliability and flexibility
Quincy	
Solution: Construct new Quincy facility (in 75%	North Cambridge Trolleybus Fleet
design)	Solution: Procurement of BEBs
<u>Why?</u> : Inability to rebuild in place; lack of quick	Why?: Carhouse and routes can accommodate
fix made it priority for first BEB facility	BEBs and availability of power make BEBs the most
	cost effective choice for improving reliability and
	flexibility

Prioritization for Next Facility Investments

Now that critical facility obsolescence and fleet age/reliability issues have been addressed, sequencing of facility upgrades to be prioritized based on the following:

- **Transit Critical Communities** Upgrade facilities with routes serving high percentages of households of color and low income households
- Ridership Upgrade facilities with routes serving a greater share of MBTA bus ridership
- Alignment with Fleet Plan Upgrade facilities to allow for continued homogenization of fleet
- Swing Space In order to modernize our largest and most centrally located facilities (e.g. Charlestown) capacity elsewhere is needed to temporarily relocate those fleets

Where new locations will be necessary, siting decisions to consider deadhead mileage, land acquisition costs, land use, power availability, resiliency, roadway access

Prioritization Criteria and Existing Facilities

Network	Facility	Capacity	Fleet Notes	% Total Fleet	% Bus Ridership (avg. weekly)	% Low Income Households along Routes	% Households of Color along Routes
South	Quincy	86	Exclusive Diesel*	8%	5%	28%	40%
Southwest	Arborway	118	Exclusive CNG	10%	13%	35%	55%
North	Fellsway	78	n/a	7%	5%	27%	32%
	Lynn	106	n/a	9%	8%	35%	42%
West	N. Cambridge	28	ETB Exclusive*	2%	3%	18%	28%
	Albany	148	Exclusive Diesel*	13%	5%	29%	38%
Core	Southampton	107	Exclusive Artic**	9%	15%	42%	63%
	Cabot	205	Partial CNG**	18%	22%	39%	55%
	Charlestown	263	n/a	23%	26%	25%	39%

* Initial investments to address functional obsolescence and fleet replacement needs.

** Ability to absorb these fleets at other facilities as capacity expands.

Core Facilities – Approach

Charlestown (263 buses), **Cabot**, (205) and **Southampton** (soon to be 120 articulated buses) are the largest capacity and most centrally located facilities in the MBTA's portfolio

- Plan assumes <u>these facilities remain in place</u> although additional property may be necessary to expand existing footprints
- Need for capacity elsewhere to rebuild in place suggests these will be the <u>last facilities</u> <u>modernized</u>
- Opportunities to reassign routes from these garages as others are rebuilt and expanded will be explored throughout the program



Arborway – Approach

Arborway (118 buses) was built as a temporary facility in 2004 and is the only facility dedicated exclusively to CNG buses

- Arborway ranks third among the MBTA's bus facilities for the percentage of populations served who are low income or minority; and its routes serve 13% of MBTA bus ridership, with 10% of the fleet
- Some constraints on redevelopment of the existing site by MOU with City of Boston
- New facility should be able to accommodate both a larger fleet (~200 buses) and a mix of 40' and 60' buses
- CNG fleet is due for replacement in 2028/29



Fellsway/Lynn – Approach

Fellsway (78 buses) and Lynn (105 buses) are smaller facilities, with Fellsway closed on Sundays and Lynn serving a mostly Lynn-oriented local network

- Neither Fellsway nor Lynn can be modernized on site for even today's fleet size
- A new Fellsway should be sized to accommodate both a larger fleet (~200 buses) and a mix of 40' and 60' buses; ideal location near Wellington
- Six Lynn routes operate in the core and would be better out of a New Fellsway, and an expanded facility could absorb proximate Charlestown routes
- A new Lynn could be smaller (65 buses) but would need a new Fellsway in place first



Albany – Approach

Albany (128 buses) routes have experienced the most significant decline in ridership during the pandemic as many routes are express or serve lower density portions of the network

- Albany's central location means it will <u>play a critical</u> <u>role in the bus network</u> as other facilities are modernized in place; ongoing investments reflect its continued importance moving forward
- More than any other facility, Albany's long-term future needs will depend on post-pandemic ridership trends and the Bus Network Redesign process
- Given Albany's existing route assignments, a new facility could be as well or better located a few miles to the west



Facility Modernization Implementation Plan (Unconstrained)

Facility Status Timeline Capacity Fleet/ Routes to Transition to BEB
Quincy In progress Opening Q4 2024 120 Quincy
N Cambridge In Design – \$23M Construction Construction 2022 - 23 35 North Cambridge Funding Needed FY22
Next Priority –Design 2021-2024ArborwayArborway\$30M Design Funding Needed FY22RE Acquisition? 2022-23200Partial CabotNeeded FY22Construction 2024-26Partial Southampton
Next Priority –Design 2023-2026FellswayFellswayDesign Funding Needed FY23RE Acquisition? 2024-25 Construction 2026-2028Partial Lynn (E Boston/Chelsea Routes Partial Charlestown
Next Priority –Within next 10 yearsLynnDesign Funding Needed FY24* once larger Fellsway65Remaining LynnNeeded FY24in place
Albany
Southampton TBD, Remaining Fleet (including North
Cabot Cambridge)
Charlestown

Quincy BEB Strategy – Full Fleet Converted by 2025

MBTA plans to open facility with 45 BEBs, transition remaining buses in Year 2 (2025).



Block Plot for Year 1 - Winter

No additional buses and only 1 block cut (schedule shift) required, when using:

- Long range batteries
- Depot only charging
- Supplemental heaters

Charge management allows for capping peak load.



Bus Facility Modernization Real Estate Strategy

MBTA property evaluation must be done in ways that do not disadvantage current property owners or the Authority's own bargaining position. While details of sites under consideration may not be shared, they fall into two categories:

- **\$25M in no regrets investments** where adjacent parcels are likely to be necessary to expand facilities in place, MBTA Real Estate is prepared to initiate the acquisition process
- Targeted areas for new facilities where it is impractical to rebuild in site, analyses have been conducted to identify the geography within which deadhead mileage and operating cost impacts can be minimized

Evaluation of parcels – scans of non-residential properties (or groupings of properties) for internal (Bus Ops, Real Estate) review focused on a number of criteria – resiliency, roadway access, surrounding land use, equity, topography, size, projected cost to acquire, etc.

Note: The MBTA must comply with the Federal Transit Administration's property acquisition process to preserve opportunities for federal funding

Funding Status of Facility Investments



Quincy/N. Cambridge

- ✓ Funding currently programmed for in-process Quincy and North Cambridge final design
- ✓ FY22 CIP preview includes funding to keep Quincy on schedule
- FY22 CIP preview does not include funding for North Cambridge

Next Priorities

- $\checkmark\,$ Funding available to advance remaining facilities to 15% design
- ✓ Remaining bus modernization funding in the current CIP is dedicated to interim improvements or for targeted real estate acquisitions (<\$30m for RE)
- Funding needed for Arborway design (\$30M), real estate (TBD, depends on decision to stay or relocate) in <u>FY2022</u>; construction FY2024/5 (TBD)
- Funding needed for Fellsway design (\$30M), real estate (TBD) in FY2023; construction FY2025/6 (TBD)
- Overall program fleet and facilities represents a multi-billion dollar and decade plus investment strategy

MBTA Vehicle Procurement Strategy



MBTA to continue to modernize fleet and reduce emissions with 80 to 100 new buses per year. Parallel contracts^{*} give flexibility to adjust EEH/BEB ratio, determined by <u>facility BEB charging capacity</u>:

- 1. Enhanced Electric Hybrid contract (estimated per vehicle cost: \$750k \$850k)
 - Initial 160 base order delivery in 2022 and 2023, with options (unprogrammed) for up to 300 additional buses **
- 2. Battery Electric Bus contract (estimated per vehicle cost: \$850k \$1.1m)
 - Initial 80 base order to be delivered in 2023 and 2024, with options (unprogrammed) for up to 380 additional buses**
 - Delivery of first vehicles targeted for 2023, timed to North Cambridge and Quincy opening

The pace of MBTA bus facility modernization efforts will govern the pace of bus electrification.

* MBTA Vehicle Engineering strategically plans each FTA-approved bus procurement contract - maximum 5 year duration

** Bus procurement options total 80-100 annually and will be split between the two available contracts

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Vehicle Purchase Options

<u>Annual Bus</u> <u>Replacement</u> <u>Quantity</u> :	2022 80	2023 115	2024 80	2025 80	2026 80	2027 80	
Quincy/North Cambridge Only	80	80 35	35 45	40 40	80	80	
Unconstrained Facility Implementation	80	80 35	80	40 40	80	80	-
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Fleet and Facilities Timeline

Investment Type	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29
Facilities	Quincy Real Estate (FY21); Quincy Final Design (FY22)	Quincy Constructi	on - \$305M, Included in	n FY22 CIP Preview	Quincy Opens				
		North Cambridge Construction - \$23	Final Design and M, Unprogrammed	North Cambridge Opens					
		15% Design Arborway Programmed	Final Design Ari Unprogramme	borway- \$25-35M, ed (needed FY22)	Construction Arborway- Approx. \$400M, Unprogrammed		Arborway Opens		
				Concept Design Facility #3 Programmed	Final Design Facility #3 - \$25-35M, Unprogrammed		Construction Facility #3 - Approx. \$400M Unprogrammed		
Fleet		Retire 32 DMA fleet , replace with 45 60-ft EEHs							
		310 Diesel buses retire (includes 86 buses at Quincy - requires new facility) Replace with 160 EEHs							
			ETB Trolleybuses retire Replace with 35 BEBs for N. Cambridge and 45 for Quincy						
						60 Ft Fleet retire (requires new facility) Replace with BEBs			
								CNG Fleet retire (re Replace w	<mark>quires new facility)</mark> ith BEBs,
					Purchase BEBs or EEHs, dependent on facilities				

Takeaways

MBTA is prepared to move aggressively towards a zero emissions bus fleet, as part of a coordinated strategy of maintenance facility modernization investments and annual bus procurements.

- New Quincy BMF can proceed on schedule and open at the end of 2024 as a BEB facility with the approval of the FY22 as previewed (partial fleet in year one and full BEB fleet in year two)
- Proposed facility investment strategy (with new facilities coming on line every two years) would result in an 80% reduction in MBTA bus emissions by 2032 – <u>only 0 -15% design is currently</u> <u>programmed in the CIP</u>
- While FTA guidance on vehicle retirements could represent a constraint, this schedule could be made more aggressive by advancing up to three facilities concurrently – <u>only 0 -15% design is</u> <u>currently programmed in the CIP</u>
- With continued, annual investment in bus procurements, the MBTA is positioned to maintain a 7.5 year average fleet age through the replacement of 80 to 100 buses per year – BEBs as facility upgrades allow; or hybrids replacing diesels if facility investments do not keep pace